Project Summary Rocky Mountains Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Unit

Project Title: Remote Sensing Methods for Mapping and Attributing Climate Induced Tree Mortality in Northern New Mexico and Beyond

Discipline: Natural
Type of Project: Research
Funding Agency: USGS

Other Partners/Cooperators: University of Idaho Effective Dates: 9/15/2014 - 9/14/2015

Funding Amount: \$70,000

Investigators and Agency Representative:

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Project Abstract: The goal of this project is include: 1) develop methods for mapping tree morality and identifying the responsible disturbance agent at the global scale using Landsat resolution satellite imagery. 2) increase understanding of the extent, causes, and impacts of tree morality in northern New Mexico. 3) develop methods for identifying causes of tree morality and building predictive models using empirical (statistical) analysis. 4) convey findings to various other groups working at continental to global scales on forest dynamics to build networks to build network/linkages.

The specific objectives of this project include:

Objective 1. Evaluate and compare several methodologies with a goal of minimizing operator input for use in global mapping and for capturing tree mortality across a range of forest types.

Objective 2. Apply methods to map the following disturbances using time series of Landsat imagery from northern New Mexico: fire, drought/bark beetles, defoliators.

Objective 3. Quantify spatial and temporal patterns of tree mortality in northern New Mexico, and relate to possible influencing factors in simple ways.

Objective 4. Develop global disturbance attribution algorithms and test in New Mexico.

Objective 5. Develop an advanced statistical model of tree mortality in New Mexico that considers climate, topography, and forest structure as possible explanatory variables.

Outcomes with completions dates: September 14, 2015

Keywords: remote sensing, mapping, climate change, tree mortality, New Mexico, USGS, University of Idaho